Roll No.

Total No. of Pages: 03

Total No. of Questions: 10

B.Pharma (2011 to 2016) (Sem.-3)
PHARMACEUTICAL MATHEMATICS

Subject Code: BPHM-301 Paper ID: [D1122]

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 80

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of FIFTEEN questions carrying TWO marks each. http://www.punjabpapers.com
- SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt ANY FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains FOUR questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt ANY THREE questions.

SECTION-A

1. Solve the following:

- (a) Construct a 2 × 2 matrix $A = [a_{ij}]$ whose elements are given by $\frac{(i-j)^2}{3}$.
- (b) Compute the product of the matrices A and B, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 6 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (c) Find the value of sin 15°.
- (d) Prove that $\sin 3x = 3\sin x 4\sin^3 x$.
- (e) Evaluate $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{\tan 3x}$.
- (f) Find the derivative of $e^{2x} + (7 2x)^3$.
- (g) Calculate the median for the following:

| Mid-Value | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Frequency | 2 | 22 | 19 | 14 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 1 |

- (h) Find the mode of the data: 52, 75, 40, 70, 43, 40, 65, 35 and 41.
- (i) Find the integrals: $\int \frac{x^3 1}{x^2} dx$.
- (j) Find the integrals: $\int xe^{2x} dx$.
- (k) Find the cofactor of each element of the determinant $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 9 & -7 \end{vmatrix}$.
- (I) Find the determinant $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 & 7 \\ 4 & 2 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$.
- (m) A perfect cubical die is thrown a large number of times in sets of 8. The occurrence of 5 or 6 is called a success. In what proportion of the sets you expect 3 successes.
- (n) Find the mode of the following distribution: http://www.punjabpapers.com

| Class | 0-7 | 7-14 | 14-21 | 21-28 | 28-35 | 35-42 | 42 – 49 |
|-----------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Frequency | 19 | 25 | 36 | 72 | 51 | 43 | 28 |

(o) 6 dice are thrown 729 times. How many times do you expect atleast 3 dice to show a 5 or 6?

SECTION-B

2. Consider the following three data sets A, B and C.

$$A = \{9, 10, 11, 7, 13\}, B = \{10, 10, 10, 10, 10\}, \{1, 1, 10, 19, 19\}$$

- (a) Calculate the mean of each data set.
- (b) Calculate the standard deviation of each data set.
- 3. Find inverse of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 4. Find the derivative of $\frac{5x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \sin^2(2x+3)$.

- 5. Evaluate $\int \frac{2x-1}{(x-1)(x+2)(x-3)} dx$.
- 6. The following data are the number of seeds germinating out of 10 on damp filter for 80 sets of seeds. Fit a binomial distribution to these data:

| x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | Total |
|---|---|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|-------|
| f | 6 | 20 | 28 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 80 |

SECTION-C

- 7. (a) Solve the equations 2x + 3y = 10 and x + 6y = 4, using Cramer's rule.
 - (b) Show that $\tan 3x \tan 2x \tan x = \tan 3x \tan 2x \tan x$.
- 8. (a) Write the properties of Normal distribution curve.

(b) Prove that:
$$\begin{vmatrix} a+b & b+c & c+a \\ b+c & c+a & a+b \\ c+a & a+b & b+c \end{vmatrix} = 2 \begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ b & c & a \\ c & a & b \end{vmatrix}.$$

- 9. (a) Find the value of other trigonometric functions if $\cos x = -\frac{1}{2}$, x lies in third quadrant. http://www.punjabpapers.com
 - (b) For what value of k following function is continuous at x = 0:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin 5x}{3x} & \text{if, } x \neq 0 \\ k & \text{if, } x = 0 \end{cases}.$$

- 10. (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when $x = a \frac{1 t^2}{1 + t^2}$, $y = b \frac{2t}{1 + t^2}$.
 - (b) Evaluate the integral: $\int x \log (1+x) dx$.