

Total No. of Questions : 10

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 80

1. **SECTION-A** is **COMPULSORY** consisting of **FIFTEEN** questions carrying **TWO** marks each.
2. **SECTION-B** contains **FIVE** questions carrying **FIVE** marks each and students has to attempt any **FOUR** questions.
3. **SECTION-C** contains **FOUR** questions carrying **TEN** marks each and students has to attempt any **THREE** questions.

1. Answer briefly :

- i. Define Relative Bioavailability.
- ii. Define dosage regimen.
- iii. Differentiate between drug excretion and elimination.
- iv. What is meant by wash out period?
- v. Define systemic bioavailability.
- vi. How is bioavailability related to volume of distribution?
- vii. Define bioequivalence.
- viii. Write the equation for first order drug elimination kinetics.
- ix. What is MRT and how is it calculated?
- x. Give examples of plasma proteins that contribute to drug binding.

- xi. At steady state what is relation between K_a and K_e ?
- xii. What is first pass effect?
- xiii. Define T_{max} .
- xiv. Write Henderson-Hasselbach equation.
- xv. Define facilitated transport.

SECTION-B

- 2. What are Non-compartment models?
- 3. What is meant by biopharmaceutics? Enumerate the factors that need to be considered during biopharmaceutical studies.
- 4. What are various mechanisms for drug transport in body?
- 5. What are reasons for instability of drugs in GIT?
- 6. Discuss briefly the methods used for evaluating *in vitro-in vivo* correlation.

SECTION-C

- 7. Discuss method of residual for calculation of absorption rate constant.
- 8. Describe the method of calculating various pharmacokinetic parameters from urinary excretion data after oral administration of a drug (one compartment model).
- 9. Discuss various factors affecting the volume of distribution of drugs. Also explain its role in the pharmacokinetics of a drug.
- 10. Elaborate upon the significance of plasma drug concentration measurement.