

Roll No.

Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

MCA (E-I) (2015 & Onwards) (Sem.-3)

THEORY OF COMPUTATION

Subject Code : MCA-305B

Paper ID : [74078]

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. SECTIONS-A, B, C & D contains TWO questions each carrying TEN marks each and students has to attempt any ONE question from each SECTION.
2. SECTION-E is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWENTY marks in all.
3. Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

SECTION-A

1. a. Write a short note on Venn Diagrams. (5)
b. State and explain principle of Structural Induction. (3)
c. What is complement of a language? Give one example (2)
2. a. Write and explain associative, commutative and distributive properties of regular sets. (5)
b. "Every regular set contains a regular subset". Justify the statement. (5)

SECTION-B

3. a. What are various steps involved in null moves removal? Write an example.
b. Design an DFA generating $L = \{w \mid w \text{ is binary string divisible by } 5\}$
4. a. State and explain pumping lemma for regular languages.
b. Prove that $L = \{a^n b^n \mid \text{where } n \text{ is positive integer}\}$ is not regular.

SECTION-C

5. Compare the power of DPDA with NPDA. Also design a DPDA for language $\{a^m b^n \mid n=2m+1 \ \& \ \{a,b\} \in \Sigma\}$
6.
 - a. What is the importance of Griebach Normal Form and Chomsky Normal Form? Give procedure to convert any given grammar to GNF and CNF.
 - b. Explain acceptance criteria of PDA by null store and by final state.

SECTION-D

7. Design a Turing machine for language $\{a^n b^m c^{n \times m} \mid \{a,b,c\} \in \Sigma\}$
8. State and explain closure properties of Recursive Languages in detail.

SECTION-E

9. **Write briefly :**
 - a. Roaster Notation of Set. Give two examples.
 - b. What are LR(k) grammars?
 - c. *“If a language is accepted by a DFA, it is always accepted by some DPDA”*. Comment on the statement.
 - d. Draw a transition graph of DFA accepting set of binary strings ending with 001.
 - e. Write briefly, the criterion for a language to be Context Free.
 - f. Griebach Normal Form.
 - g. Is every CFL closed under complementation?
 - h. Post Correspondence Problems.
 - i. State Rice theorem.
 - j. Pigeonhole principle.